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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/622,262	07/18/2003	Arnaud Mainnemare	. 1254-03	4220
35811 ID CD OLID OE	7590 10/19/2007		EXAMINER	
IP GROUP OF DLA PIPER US LLP ONE LIBERTY PLACE			KIM, JENNIFER M	
1650 MARKET ST, SUITE 4900 PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
FHILADELFF	IIA, I A 19103		1617	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/19/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/622,262	MAINNEMARE, ARNAUD				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Jennifer Kim	1617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. The timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. Final Point (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 7/30/2007.						
	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>20-22,25 and 26</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>20-22,25 and 26</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· ·	Claim(s) <u>20,22,25 and 26</u> is/are rejected.						
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Oπi	ce Action or form P1O-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☒ None of:		(a)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	• •					
	 Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau 	•	elved in this National Stage				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ived.				
Attachmen		_					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)					
3) Infon	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

The amendment filed April 23, 2007 and July 30, 2007 have been received and entered into the application.

Action Summary

The rejection of claims 20, 22, 25 and 26 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement is hereby expressly withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment.

The rejection of claims 20 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph (enablement) is hereby expressly withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment.

The rejection of claims 20, 22, 25 and 26 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph is hereby expressly withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment.

The rejection of claims 20, 22, 25 and 26 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Julich et al. (1993) is hereby expressly withdrawn in view of Applicant's persuasive argument that chloramine T as disclosed by Julich and the taurine N-chloramine as disclosed by the Applicant are two completely different molecules.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 20, 22, 25 and 26 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 20, 22, 25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Julich et al. (1993) of record and Nagl et al. (1998) in view of Contreras et al. (1997).

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Julich et al. teaches that sodium hypochlorite (NaOCl) both have antiviral activity. (page 310, Table 3). Julich et al. teach that due NaOCl's excellent compatibility with various materials, it may be used for the disinfecting dentures. (page 311 right-hand side second full paragraph).

Nagl et al. teach that N-chlorotaurine is known to have bactericidal, fungicidal and vermicidal properties. Nagl et al. teach that N-chlorotaurine also demonstrated having virucidal activity including HSV-1 and 2. Nagl et al. teach that N-chlorotaurine in destruction of pathogens during inflammatory reactions and has application as an antiviral agent in human medicine. (abstract, table 1, page 27 under results).

Contreras et al. teach that herpesviruses have been implicated in the pathogenesis of human periodontitis. (abstract).

The claims differ from the cited references in claiming combination of NaOCI and N-chlorotaurine for the treatment of lesions and infections generated from periodontitis and herpesvirdiae and the mechanism of action of substantial stimulation of myeloperoxidase activity in the human or animal.

To employ combinations of NaOCI and N-chlorotaurine to treat lesions and infections generated from herpesviridiase and periodontitis would have been obvious because all the components are well known individually for having virucidal activity (HSV) and bactericidal activity. It would be expected that the combination of components would treat <u>infections generated from</u> conditions involving bacteria or virus including peridonitis and herpesviridae as well. The motivation for combining the components flows from their individually known common utility (see In re Kerkhoven,

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205 USPQ 1069(CCPPA 1980)). Further, the treatment of lesions and infections generated from periodontitis is obvious because herpesviruses have been implicated in the pathogenesis of human periodontitis as taught by Contreras. One would have been motivated to treat lesions and infection generated from periodontitis by employment of the obvious combination of NaOCI and N-chlorotaurine taught by Julich et al. and Nagl in order to achieve an expected additive benefit of antiviral activity. Moreover, the mechanism of action of without substantial stimulation of myeloperoxidase activity in the human or animal is obviously achieved by the obvious modification involving same active agents for the same treatment.

Thus, the claims fail to patentably distinguish over the state of the art as represented by the cited references.

For these reasons the claimed subject matter is deemed to fail to patentably distinguish over the state of the art as represented by the cited references. The claims are therefore properly rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103.

None of the claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-0628. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 6:30 am to 3 pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreenivasan Padmanabhan can be reached on 571-272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jennifer Kim Primary Examiner Art Unit 1617

Jmk October 8, 2007